# **BIOLOGY**

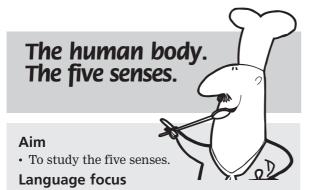
# one stop clil

# The Human Body. The five senses.

1 Match.							
1 2	2	_ 3	4	5			
	2		3		4		5
a (I sme	ell with n	ny nose.			b (It	aste wit	h my tongue.
			c I see w	vith my e	yes.		
d I touch	with my	hands.			e (I he	ar with	my ears.
2 Complete	the text	with the v	vords in t	he box.			
informatio	on eyes	eat smel	l hands	informati	on nose	ears th	nings brain
_	t two eyes	s. The black	circle in th	e middle o	f the eye is	the <b>pupi</b> l	l. The coloured the brain about
middle ear o	ınd the <b>in</b> ı ı small bor	<b>ner ear</b> . The nes. The inno	outer ear	is the part	of the ear v	we can se	<b>outer ear</b> , the e. The middle ea
	nostrils a	nd the <b>nasa</b> l	<b>l cavity</b> . Th				<b>trils</b> . The air goe e brain about the
	t one tong	gue. The ton	gue has go	_			caste cells send 
We have go	t two (10)		The h	ands are co			

# **TEACHER'S NOTES**





Key vocabulary: smell, hear, see, taste, touch, nose, ear, hand, tongue, eye, pupil, iris, outer ear, middle ear, inner ear, brain, nostril, nasal cavity, taste cells, skin.

**Key language:** I smell with my nose. The ear has got three main parts. The eyes send information to the brain.

#### **Materials**

- Pictures or flashcards of the main vocabulary.
- · Various classroom objects and a bag.
- · Different flavoured sweets.
- · A blindfold.
- · Worksheet.

## Warm-up

Demonstrate the five senses by doing the following:

- Sense of touch: put some classroom objects into a bag. Bring a pupil to the front and blindfold him/her. Ask the child to put his/her hands in the bag, feel an object and guess what it is by touching it. Invite some more pupils to come to the front.
- Sense of sight: go to one end of the room and show the class a picture or flashcard very briefly. Ask the pupils at the other end of the room to say what the picture is. Ask the pupils closest to you what it is. Move around the classroom and show them a few more pictures.
- Sense of hearing: bring a pupil to the front and blindfold him. Drop one of the classroom objects and encourage the pupil to guess what it is by listening to the noise the object makes. Invite some more pupils to come to the front.
- *Sense of taste:* blindfold some pupils and give each of them a sweet. Can they guess what flavour it is?
- *Sense of smell:* can they guess the flavour by smelling the sweet?

## **Completing the Worksheet**

## **Activity 1**

- Place some classroom objects in front of you.
  Close your eyes and touch one of the objects.
  Guess what the object is by feeling it. Say touch while you're touching the object. Ask the children to touch their desk, book, etc.
  Continue in the same way with hear, taste, see and smell.
- Draw two columns on the blackboard. In the first column write *see* and *taste*. Elicit the other three verbs: *touch*, *smell* and *hear*. In the second column write *hands* and *eyes*. Elicit *ears*, *tongue* and *nose* and add them to the second column. Say one of the words in the first column and encourage the pupils to match it to one of the words in the second column, eg, Teacher: *Smell*. Class: *Nose!* Teacher: *Touch*. Class: *Hands!* Continue with the other words. Write on the board *I* \_\_\_\_\_ with my \_\_\_\_\_. Encourage the children to make complete sentences, eg, *I smell with my nose*
- Tennis game. Arrange the pupils in pairs.
  Demonstrate the activity in front of the class with a confident pupil. Child A says a sense verb from the first column and Child B makes a sentence using this verb and one of the words in the second column. Then they swap roles. Child 1: See. Child 2: I see with my eyes!
  Touch. Child 2: I touch with my hands! etc.
- Go through the pictures in Activity 1 and elicit what the people are saying. The pupils then match the speech bubbles to the pictures.
- Explain that the five senses are very important for everybody. Without our five senses we wouldn't know what is happening around us. For certain professions, some senses are more important than others. Can the pupils think of any other examples (apart from the ones in Activity 1)? Explain that some people can't see (blind people) or hear (deaf people) and that this makes their lives more difficult. To illustrate this point, you can blindfold a pupil and ask him/her to walk to the door.

Answers: 1-c; 2-d; 3-b; 4-e; 5-a



# **TEACHER'S NOTES**



#### **Extension activity**

- Say *I see with my* ... Encourage the pupils to say *eyes*. Invite a pupil to draw two eyes on the board. Continue with *I smell with my* ... (nose) and invite a pupil to draw a nose. Follow the same procedure with *I taste with my* ... (tongue), *I touch with my* ... (hands) and *I hear with my* ... (ears).
- Explain that these are the *five senses*. The *eyes, nose, tongue, hands* and *ears* send information to the brain about everything around us: what we *see, smell, taste, touch* and *hear.*
- Write the five senses on the board and ask the pupils to copy them in their notebooks: *The sense of sight. The sense of smell. The sense of touch. The sense of taste. The sense of hearing.* Ask the pupils to draw the parts of the body we use (eyes, nose, hands, tongue, ears) to illustrate each of the senses.

### **Activity 2**

 Read the first two paragraphs of the text with the class and draw a picture of an eye on the board. Label the *pupil* and the *iris*. Say the

- words a few times and encourage the children to repeat after you. Elicit the missing word in paragraph 2. Ask *Do you see with your ears? No, I see with my ... eyes!* Continue with the remaining paragraphs. Make sure the pupils do not write the answers on the worksheet at this stage. Use pictures, mime or examples where necessary to clarify meaning.
- Ask the pupils to complete the text using the words in the box.

Answers: 1-eyes; 2-ears; 3-information; 4-brain; 5-nose; 6-things; 7-smell; 8-information; 9-eat; 10-hands

