

An attraction is	the owner or manager of a hotel.
Unspoilt means	somewhere or something you can visit that is interesting or enjoyable.
Landscape is	a place has not been changed in ways that make it less beautiful or enjoyable.
Amenities are	an area of land that is beautiful to look at or that has a particular type of appearance.
Seasonal employment refers to	something that makes it comfortable or enjoyable to live or work somewhere.
Income is	work available only during a particular time of year.
Heritage means	money that someone gets from working or from investing money.
Crafts are	the art, buildings, traditions, and beliefs that a society considers important to its history and culture.

HISTORY

A souvenir is

art or objects that are made by hand, for example pottery or needlework.

To preserve means

something that you buy during a holiday or at a special event to remind you later of being there.

Customs are

to take care of a place or building in order to prevent it from being harmed or destroyed.

Migration means

things that people do that are traditional or usual.

The natural environment is

the process by which people or animals migrate to another place or country.

Litter means

the natural world, including the land, water, air, plants, and animals, especially considered as something that is affected by human activity.

Scenery refers to

things such as pieces of paper that people have dropped on the ground in a public place, making it untidy.

HISTORY

A getaway is

natural things such as trees, hills, and lakes that you can see in a particular place.

A destination is

a short holiday where you can escape from everyday life.

A resort is

the place where someone or something is going on holiday.

Ruins are

a place where a lot of people go on holiday, usually one with a lot of hotels, bars, and restaurants.

A temple is

the parts of a building that remain after it has been severely damaged.

A tourist board is

a building used for worship in some religions, typically religions other than Christianity.

Sunbathing means

an official organization in a country or area that encourages tourists to visit that country or area.

HISTORY

Ecotourism is

to sit or lie in the sun so that your skin becomes darker.

A break is

the business of creating and selling holidays that give people the chance to learn about a natural environment, and cause as little damage to the environment as possible.

Facilities are

a short holiday where you can rest.

Accessible means

things such as a room or piece of equipment that are provided at a place for people to use.

A sightseer is

a place that is easy to find or get to.

A hotelier is

a tourist who is travelling around a place and looking at interesting things.

How to carry out a Question Loop activity

Procedure

You can do this fun interactive integrated speaking, reading and listening activity at any moment. It suits the beginning of a new topic like 'Tourism' to introduce new material, or the end of a topic to revise material already learned.

Cut up the strips of parts of sentences and hand out one strip to each student in the class. This means that each student will have one part of a sentence or one piece of information, or one sentence starter, which will not match with the ending. NB - print as many strips as you have students. If there are more students than strips, just print extra copies of repeated strips, or add some extra ones of your own.

- Ask one of the students to read the first half of their strip out loud. Stress the need to read out the text loudly and clearly so that everyone can hear. If others are talking, ask the student to read again until you have everyone's attention.
- Somewhere around the class, someone will have the answer/end of the sentence.
- The first time you try this, students may be a little unsure about what is expected.
- There may also be students who know the answer but don't have it written down on their strip. If the person who has the answer doesn't realise they have it, encourage others to say the answer and then ask who has ...
- Then ask the student to read out the 'answer' again.
- Then they read their 'question' and the process continues until all the strips have been read out and you come back to the beginning again.

You may like to repeat the task and this time tell students 'If you can do it in under a minute, you won't have any homework tonight!'