The Guardian



One Hundred Years of Solitude review – Gabriel García Márquez's classic makes for startling TV beauty

Level 3: Advanced

Article summary: This article provides a review of the TV adaptation of Gabriel García Márquez's classic magical realism novel.

Time: 60 minutes

Skills: Reading, Speaking, Writing

Language focus: The passive voice

Materials needed: One copy of the

worksheet per student

1. Warmer

a. The purpose of this activity is to get students thinking about what magical realism means and what elements relate to each aspect. Encourage students to share ideas and opinions. Ask them to give examples from other books they have read or films they have watched to back up their opinions.

2. Key words

a. Ask students to do the exercise individually and then compare their answers in pairs or small groups. As an extension activity, ask students to highlight the key words in the article.

Key:

1.	b	9.	С
2.	а	10.	b
3.	С	11.	а
4.	b	12.	С
5.	С	13.	а
6.	b	14.	b
7.	а	15.	b
8.	а		

b. Before reading the article carefully, students use some of the key words to fill the gaps in the sentences to ensure that they understand and know how the words are used in other contexts.

Key:

1.	undercook	6.	disparaging
2.	episodic	7.	nonchalance
3.	sceptical	8.	predecessors
4.	ephemeral	9.	eccentric
5.	distasteful	10.	ravages

3. Comprehension check

a. Students answer the questions based on the information in the article. They may do this in different ways, e.g. in item 1, they may say, 'The novel was originally written in 1967' or something similar.

Key:

Suggested answers:

- 1. 1967
- 2. 16
- 3. Its innovations have been cheapened by too many imitators.
- 4. She predicts their offspring will have pig's tails.
- 5. Because their marriage as cousins is frowned upon.
- 6. Macondo
- 7. Alchemy, magnets, ice and a syrup that makes you invisible
- 8. A rain of yellow flowers.
- 9. A trickle of blood makes its way across town to Úrsula's feet.
- It's a place where strange things happen naturally (priests and babies levitate, the dead don't stay dead and magical occurrences are treated as normal).

4. Key language

a. The activity gives students an opportunity to practice working with the passive voice, which is often used in literary criticism to maintain objectivity. Remind students that passive voice is used to emphasise the action rather than the doer of the action. You may also wish to remind students that present passive uses is/are and past passive uses was/were. As an extension activity, ask students to look for examples of passive voice in this article and others.



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Key:

- Images were planted in one's imagination by Márquez's prose.
- 2. One Hundred Years of Solitude is cursed by its own influence.
- 3. Their union is frowned upon by Úrsula's mother.
- 4. All the miracles are treated as equally plausible.
- 5. The sons and grandsons of José Arcadio and Úrsula are doomed in another way.
- 6. The rain of yellow flowers and the trickle of blood are rendered with care.
- b. Students have an opportunity to test their knowledge of the passive and active voices by rewriting the sentences in the active voice. Please note that students' answers may have some variations. As an extension activity, ask students to discuss how the focus of the sentence shifts with the change in voice.

Key:

Suggested answers:

- 1. Márquez's prose planted images in one's imagination.
- 2. The book's own influence curses it.
- 3. Úrsula's mother frowns upon their union.
- 4. The production treats all the miracles as equally plausible.
- 5. Another destiny dooms José Arcadio and Úrsula's sons and grandsons.
- 6. The director renders the rain of yellow flowers and the trickle of blood with care.

5. Discussion

 Students discuss the statements related to the article and give their reasons and justifications for each answer, referring to their own experiences wherever possible.

6. In your own words

- a. Ask students to write their own review of a TV show or film they have recently watched. Answer these questions. Ask them to answer one or more of these questions:
 - Why did you choose this particular TV show or film?
 - What is the summary of the plot?
 - Describe one of the best scenes. What visual elements are present?
 - What themes or messages are present in the work?
 - What makes this production unique or noteworthy?
- Students could then present their reviews to the class. Encourage students to share their opinions, give reasons and include examples to support their answers.
- ** A note from the Editor on the use of the word gypsy (gypsies)

The original text of *The Guardian* article uses the word *gypsy*, and we chose to reprint it as is. Please be advised that this word is sometimes considered offensive, and the preferred word is *Romani* or *traveller* depending on the particular community. However, there are several Romani groups in Europe who use the word *Gypsy* with pride, spelled with the capital letter.

The original book *One Hundred Years of Solitude* was written in Spanish. In Spanish, the word for *Gypsy or Romani people* is *gitano*, which too has a negative connotation. In 2015, *Consejo Estatal del Pueblo Gitano* (State Council of the Gypsy Peoples) requested that *La Real Academia de la Lengua Española* (the government body responsible for defining and describing the Spanish language) added a note in their online dictionary that the negative connotations are offensive. The official *La Real Academia de la Lengua Española* dictionary still lists *gitano* as the proper name for the peoples and provides a number of alternatives such as *romaní*. We advise that you inform your students on the issues surrounding the use of this word in English.

